

Synchronous Switching Buck Charging IC for Single Cell Lithium Battery with 30V Input Withstanding Voltage

1 Features

- Input withstand voltage 30V
- Synchronous switch-mode buck charger
- ♦ Built-in power MOS, maximum 2.4A switching charging, efficiency 92%
- Standard 4.20V, other voltages need to be customized, support lithium iron phosphate battery, full voltage customization range 3.5V~4.4V
- ♦ Charging current ISET pin can be set
- Support NTC protection function
- Support 2-way LED lights
- LED1 supports constant current output function (no string current limit resistor required)
- Low standby power consumption
- ♦ BAT power consumption is less than 2uA at VIN=0
- Multiple protection and high reliability
- Input over-voltage, under-voltage and output over-charge protection
- NTC monitoring battery temperature, 5-stage charging (Compatible with JEITA standard)
- ♦ Chip over-temperature protection
- ♦ ESD 4KV

2 Typical Applications

Single lithium battery charging

3 Description

IP2332V is a synchronous buck charge management chip with 30V input withstand voltage, supporting single-cell lithium battery.

The IP2332V integrated power MOS and synchronous switching architecture enable it to require only a few peripheral components for the application, and effectively reduce the size of the overall solution and reduce the BOM cost.

IP2332V buck switching charging converter works at 500KHz, the maximum charging current is 2.4A, 5V input, 3.7V/2A conversion efficiency is 92%; The charging current can be set by an external resistor.

IP2332V input voltage is 5V and the input can intelligently regulate the charging current to prevent adapter failure.

IP2332V can support 2-channel LED light display; LED1 supports constant current output function (no string current limiting resistor required), and LED1 customizes breathing lamp function.

IP2332V supports NTC function, supports 5-segment NTC charging standard, NTC low or high temperature to stop charging, medium-low or medium-high temperature can reduce the charging current or reduce the full voltage.

IP2332V is packaged in ESOP8.



4 Simplify the application schematic

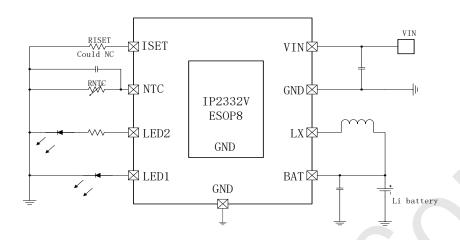


Figure 1 Simplify the application schematic





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5 Modify records

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release version V1.00 (2024.3)	页码
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6 PIN Description

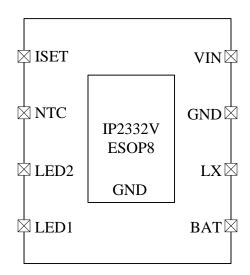


Figure 2 Pin of IP2332V

Pin Name	Pin Num	Pin Description	
ISET	1	Charge current setting pin	
NTC	2	The battery temperature detection pin is externally connected to the	
		negative temperature coefficient resistor (NTC) to detect the battery	
		temperature	
LED2	3	LED2 output pin (common IO output)	
LED1	4	LED1 output pin (support constant current output, breathing light)	
BAT	5	BAT pin, connect to the positive terminal of the battery	
LX	6	DCDC switch node	
GND	7	Ground	
VIN	8	5V DC input pin	
GND	EPAD	Ground	



7 Limit parameters

Parameters	Symbol	Value	Unit
VIN Voltage Range	$ m V_{IN}$	-0.3 ~30	V
Other pin input voltage range	V_{MAX}	-0.3 ~ 7.5	V
Operating ambient temperature range	T_{A}	0 ~ 70	°C
Junction Temperature Range	T_{J}	-40 ~ 150	°C
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{ m stg}$	-65 ~ 150	°C
Thermal resistance (junction temperature to ambient)	θ_{JA}	63	°C/W
Human Body Model (HBM)	ESD	4	KV

^{*}Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

8 Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input Voltage	$V_{ m IN}$	4.5	4-	6	V
Charge Current	I_{BAT}		<u></u>	2.4	A

^{*}Devices' performance cannot be guaranteed when working beyond those Recommended Operating Conditions.

9 Electrical Characteristics

<u>Unless otherwise specified, TA</u>=25°C,L=2.2uH,VIN=5V,VOUT=3.7V

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Charging System						
Input Voltage	V _{IN}		4.5	5	6	V
Input over-voltage threshold	V _{IN-OV}		5.5	5.6	5.7	V
Input overvoltage protection hysteresis				100		mV
Input Current	I_{VIN}	VIN=5V, VBAT=NC, NO LED		5	10	mA
Standby Current	I _{standby-BA}	VIN=0, VBAT=3.7V		1	2	uA
		R _{ISET} =1.4K		2.4		A
Charge Current	I_{CC}	R _{ISET} =2.4K		1.5		A
		R _{ISET} =4.3K		1		A



IP2332V

		$R_{ISET}>=120K$, NC	1.8	2	2.2	A
Charge Target Voltage	V_{CV}	VIN=5V	4.16	4.2	4.24	V
Full charge stop detection voltage	V_{SV}			4.15		V
Charging voltage after full charge	V_{RC}			4.1		V
Trickle over constant current voltage	V_{TK}	VIN=5V	2.9	3	3.1	V
Trickle Charge Current	I_{TK}	VIN=5V, VBAT<3V,RISET=NC		1/5 I _{CC}		mA
Charge Cut-off Current	I_{STOP}	I _{CC} =2A		200		mA
Control System						
LED drive Current	I_{Led}	VIN=5V			5	mA
Thermal shutdown temperature	T_{OTP}	Rising Threshold	130	140	150	°C
Thermal shutdown hysteresis	ΔT_{OTP}		30	40	50	°C



10 Function Description

10.1 Functional Block Diagram

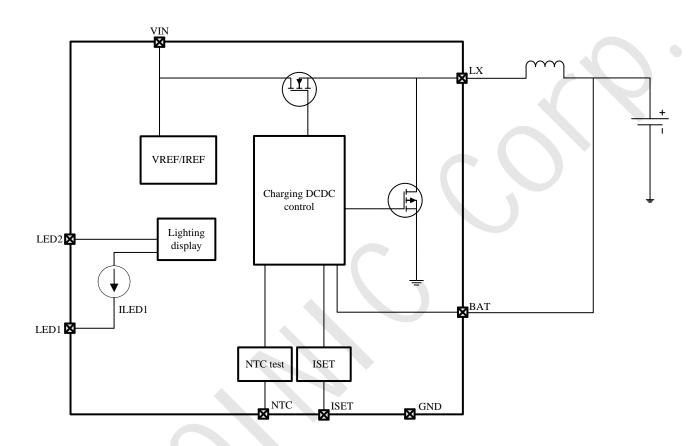


Figure 3 IP2332V Functional Block Diagram



10.2 Charging efficiency

IP2332V integrates a synchronous buck charge controller, integrated power MOS, switching frequency 500KHz, input 5V buck to charge the lithium battery. 5V input, 3.7V/2A output with 92% efficiency..

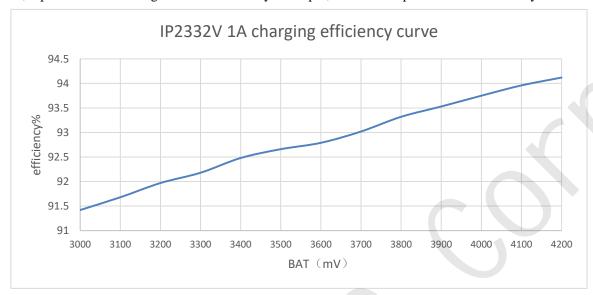


Figure 4 IP2332V 1A charging efficiency curve

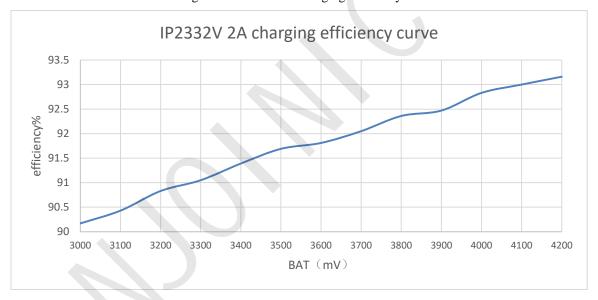


Figure 5 IP2332V 2A charging efficiency curve



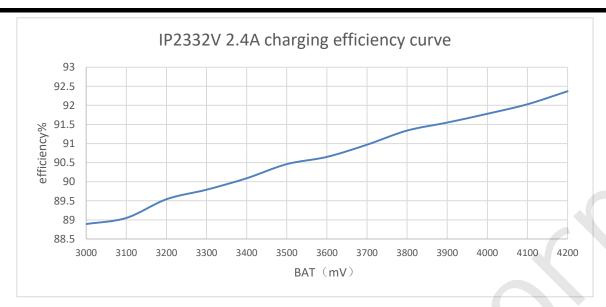


Figure 6 IP2332V 2.4A charging efficiency curve



10.3 Charge Process

The IP2332V uses a full trickle/constant/constant voltage charging mode.

When the battery voltage is less than the trickle to constant current voltage V_{TK} , it is charged with trickle charging current I_{TK} .

When the battery voltage is greater than V_{TK} , charge with constant current charging current I_{CC} .

When the battery voltage approaches the set constant voltage charging voltage V_{CV} , the charging voltage V_{CV} remains unchanged, the charging current slowly decreases, and the constant voltage charging mode is entered.

After entering the constant voltage charging mode, if the charging current is less than the full charge stop detection current I_{STOP} . The charging will be stopped first, and then detect whether the battery voltage is higher than the stop voltage V_{SV} . If it is higher than the charging stop voltage V_{SV} , stop charging. If the stop voltage is lower, charging continues.

After the battery is fully charged and stopped, and the input VIN continues to be active, if the battery voltage is less than V_{RC} , it will enter the full charge stage and start the charging process again.

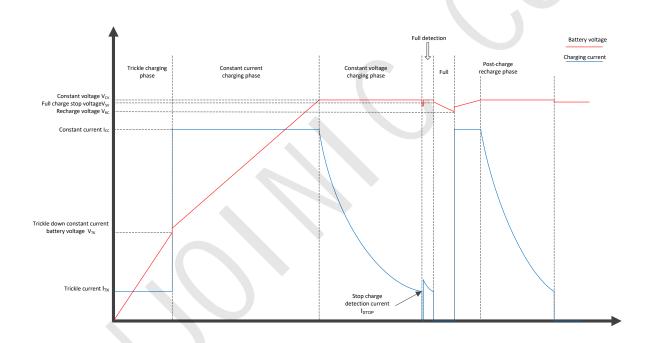


Figure 7 IP2332V Schematic diagram of the charging process

10.4 Charging protection

IP2332V has perfect protection functions, integrated input undervoltage, overvoltage protection, NTC temperature protection, IC over temperature protection and other functions to ensure stable and reliable system work.

IP2332V integrates an input overvoltage protection function that stops charging when it detects an input voltage greater than the 6V overvoltage threshold.

IP2332V integrated NTC function, with NTC resistor, can detect the battery temperature, when it is too high



or too low, the system can stop charging. When the battery temperature is detected to be medium-low or medium-high, the charging current can be reduced or the charging voltage can be reduced.

IP2332V integrated over-temperature protection function, when the chip internal temperature is detected more than 145°C, the system will be forced to stop charging.

10.5 Charge current setting

IP2332V supports an external resistor RISET on the ISET pin to set the constant current charging current, and the relationship between the charging current ICC and RISET is:

 I_{CC} (A) =0.35+2.75/ $R_{ISET}(K\Omega)$.

R_{ISET} (Ω)	Constant current chargin		
1.4K	2.4A		
2.4K	1.5A		
4.3K	1.0A		
NC (≥120K)	2.0A		



10.6 NTC

IP2332V supports NTC protection function which can cooperate with NTC resistance to detect battery temperature;

IP2332V puts out 30/100uA current through the NTC pin, then detects the voltage generated by this current on the NTC resistor to determine the temperature high or low, and turns off charging when the detected temperature exceeds the set temperature.

The default is to put out 100uA current, and when the pin voltage is detected to be greater than 1.5V (NTC resistance is greater than 15K), the output current is reduced to 30uA.at 30uA output, when the pin voltage is detected to be less than 0.3V (NTC resistance is less than 10K), the output current becomes 100uA.

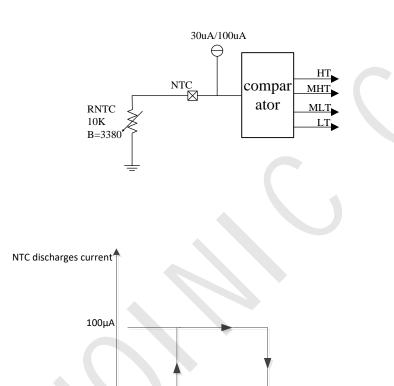


Figure 8 NTC

1.5v

0.3v

When IP2332V detects that the NTC pin voltage rises to 0.82V@30uA, it triggers the low temperature protection and stops charging;

When IP2332V detects that the NTC pin voltage is between 0.54V@30uA~0.82V@30uA, it triggers the medium-low temperature protection and the charging current is reduced to half;

When IP2332V detects NTC pin voltage between 0.49V@100uA~0.54V@30uA, it indicates that the battery temperature is normal and normal charging;

When IP2332V detects NTC pin voltage between 0.3V@100uA~0.49V@100uA, it triggers medium-high

NTC pin voltage



temperature protection and full voltage CV-100mV;

When IP2332V detects that the NTC pin voltage drops to less than 0.3V@100uA, trigger high temperature protection and stop charging;

If NTC function is not required, connect the NTC pin to ground with a 10K resistor.

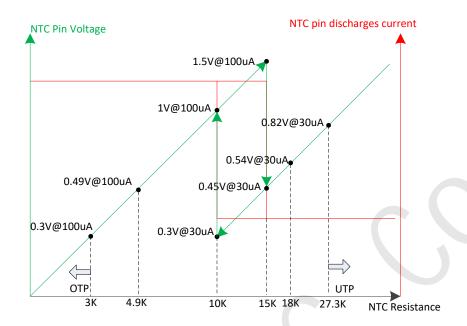


Figure 9 Relationship between NTC voltage and NTC resistance

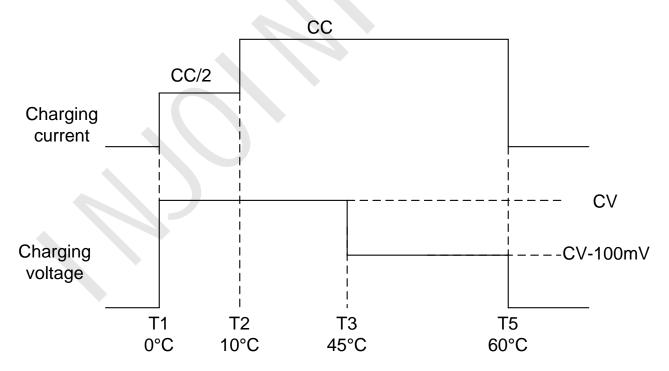


Figure 10 Schematic diagram of 5-segment battery temperature charge protection (JEITA compliant)



10.7 Charging LED indication

IP2332V has two LED indicators, LED1 is on and LED2 is off during charging, and LED1 is off and LED2 is on when fully charged. When an abnormality is detected (including input over-voltage protection, NTC protection, and chip over-temperature protection), LED1 and LED2 flash at the same time (500ms on, 500ms off).

IP2332V has battery detection function, when only VIN is connected but not connected to the battery, LED1 and LED2 will flash alternately (LED1 is on for 60ms, off for 150ms, LED2 is on for 150ms, off for 60ms) to indicate abnormality; When the LED of the unconnected battery flashes abnormally, it will enter the normal charging process after connecting the battery.

15/19



11 Typical Application Schematic

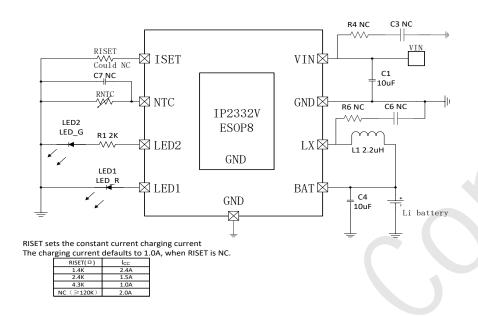


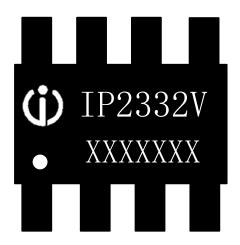
Figure 11 Typical Application Schematic

12 BOM

No.	Part Name	Type &Specification	Units	Quantity	Location	Note
1	IC	IP2332V	PCS	1	U1	
2	Inductance	CD43	PCS	1	L1	Saturate current (Isat), temperature rise current (Idc) larger than 3.5A, DCR less than 20mΩ, inductance 2.2uH @ 500kHz
3	SMD capacitors	0805 10uF 16V 10%	PCS	2	C1、C4	SMD ceramic capacitor is required
4	SMD capacitors	0603 NC	PCS	3	C3、C6、 C7	Certified reservations
5	SMD resistors	0603 NC	PCS	2	R4、R6	Certified reservations
6	SMD resistors	0603 2K 5%	PCS	1	R1	Adjust LED2 brightness
7	LED	0603	PCS	2	LED1、 LED2	LED indicator
8	NTC resistors	NTC 10K B=3380	PCS	1	RNTC	When not in use, connect 10K resistor to ground
9	SMD resistors	0603 NC	PCS	1	RISET	Set the constant current charging current. Select as needed



13 Silkscreen



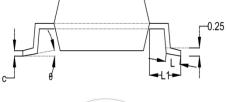
Instructions:

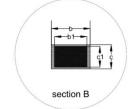
- 1, U -- Injoinic logo
- 2, IP2332V --Product name
- 3、XXXXXXX --Product number
- 4、 --PIN1 position

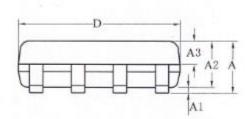
Figure 12 Silkscreen

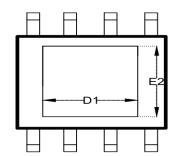


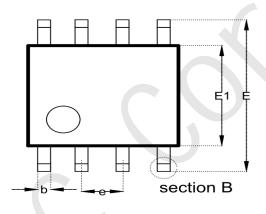
14 Package











SYMBOL		MILLIMETER				
SIMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX			
A			1.65			
A1	0.05		0.15			
A2	1.30	1.40	1.50			
A3	0.60	0.65	0.70			
b	0.39		0.48			
b1	0.38	0.41	0.43			
С	0.21		0.25			
c1	0.19	0.20	0.21			
D	4.70	4.90	5.10			
Е	5.80	6.00	6.20			
E1	3.70	3.90	4.10			
e		1.27BSC				
L	0.50	0.60	0.80			
L1		1.05BSC				
θ	0		8°			
D1		3.10				
E2		2.21				



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